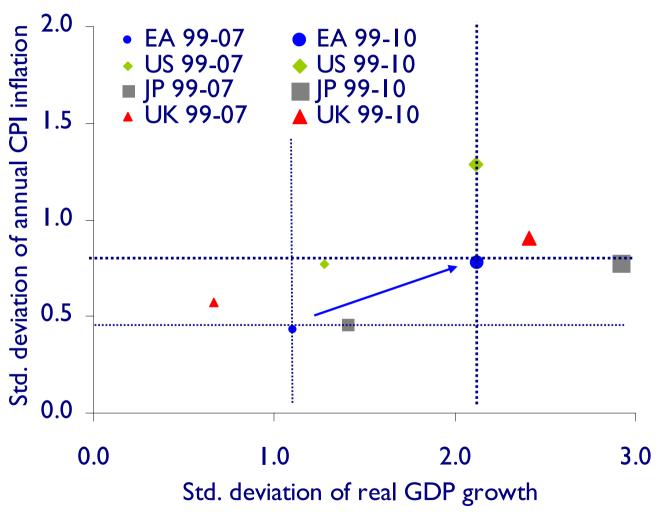


Two Continents Compared

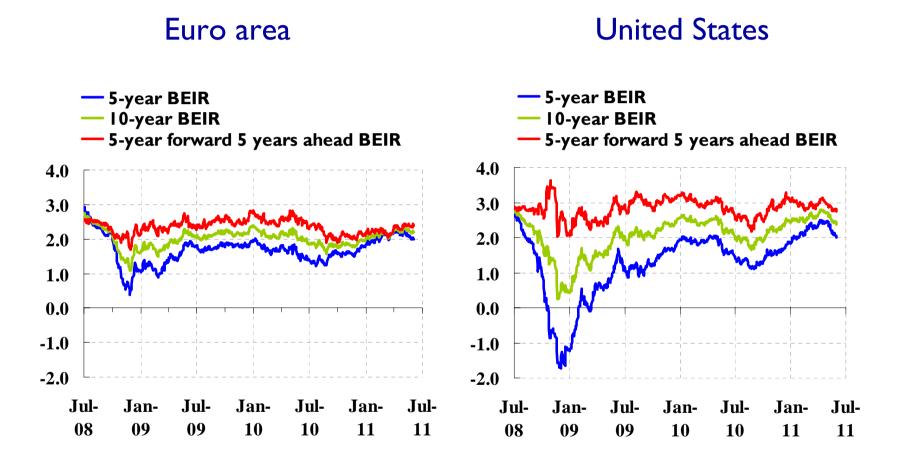
Jean-Claude Trichet
President of the European Central Bank
Frankfurt am Main, 10 June 2011

Macroeconomic Volatility



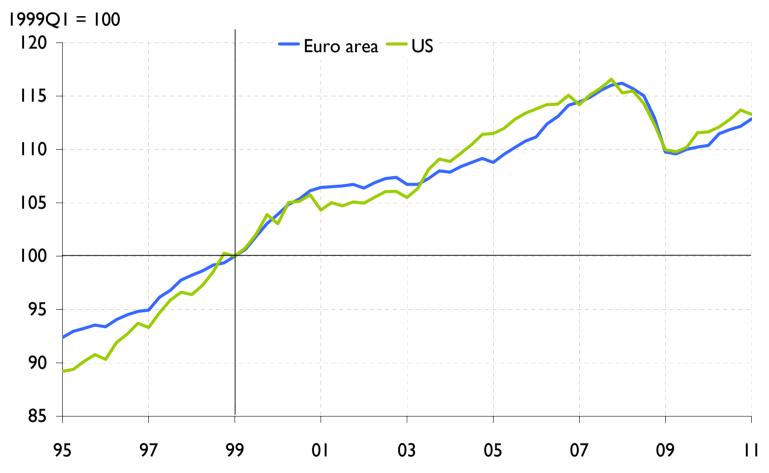
Sources: OECD, ECB calculations

Inflation Expectations



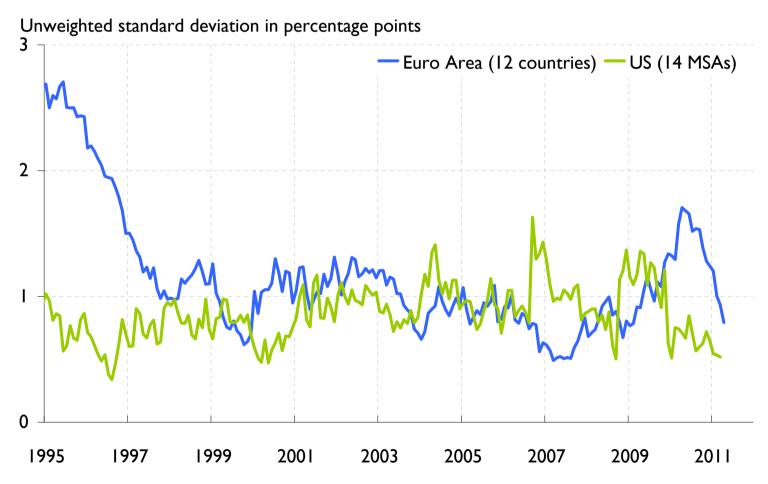
Sources: US Bureau of Labor Statistics, Eurostat, ECB calculations
Note: BEIR is Break-Even Inflation Rate from comparison of inflation-indexed and conventional sovereign bonds.

Real GDP per Capita



Sources: US Bureau of Economic Analsyis, Eurostat, ECB calculations Note: Output per capita is real GDP divided by total population

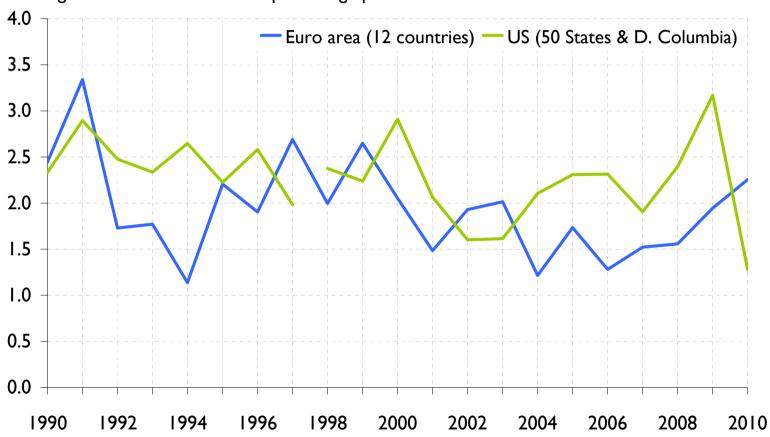
Dispersion of Annual Inflation



Sources: Eurostat, US Bureau of Labor Statistics, ECB calculations Note: MSAs: Metropolitan Statistical Areas

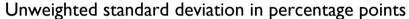
Dispersion of Real GDP Growth

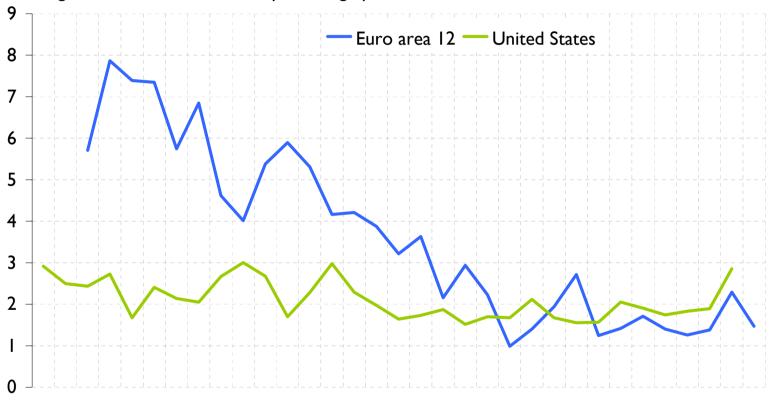
Unweighted standard deviation in percentage points



Sources: European Commission, US Bureau of Economic Analysis, ECB calculations
Note: There is a statistical break in the US regional data in 1998. For the US States the data refer to Gross Domestic Product (GDP) by state.

Dispersion of Unit Labour Cost

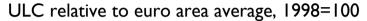


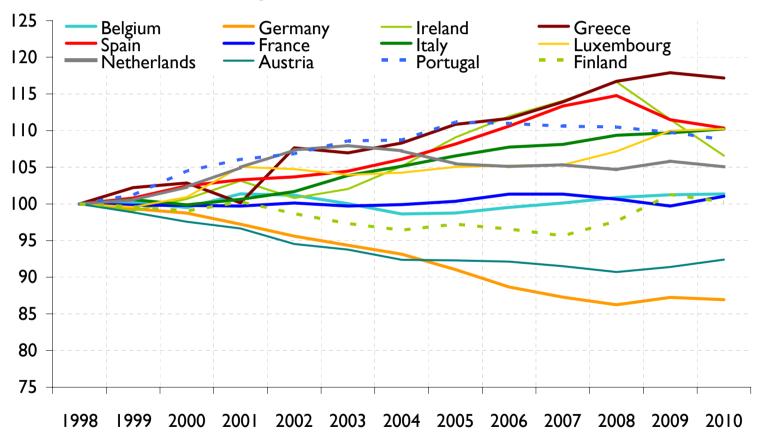


1978 1980 1982 1984 1986 1988 1990 1992 1994 1996 1998 2000 2002 2004 2006 2008 2010

Sources: European Commission, US Bureau of Labor Statistics and US Bureau of Economic Analysis

ULC Dynamics in the Euro Area

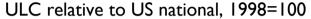


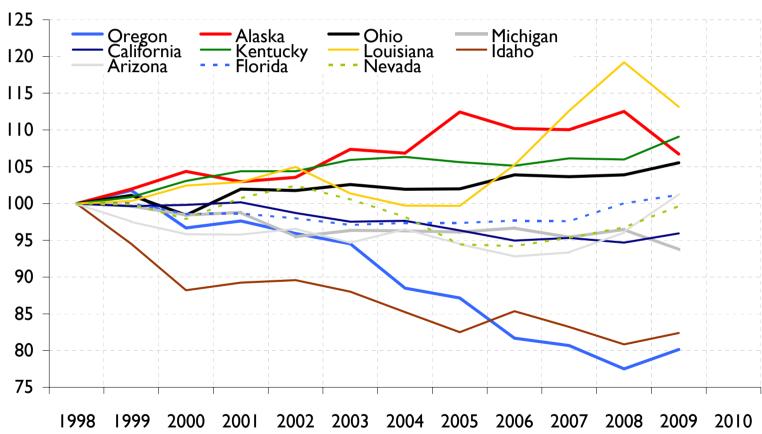


Source: European Commission

Note: ULCs are computed as the ratio between compensation per employee and real GDP per employed person

ULC Dynamics in the United States





Source: US Bureau of Economic Analysis

Note: ULCs are computed as the ratio between compensation per nonfarm employee and real GDP per employed person.